PHIN Messaging System (PHINMS)

Technical Tutorial

PHINMS Version 2.5 March 12, 2005



Agenda

- Overview of PHINMS
- Architecture Overview
- New Features in version 2.5
- Brief discussion on CPA's
- Certificate Extraction (How to)
- Installation of version 2.5
- Live Demo
- Questions



Fast Pace: Don't Worry

- The presentation touches on critical and difficult to understand subject areas
- Goal Provide adequate information to a technical audience so they can begin to understand the system, its components and modes of operation.
- PHINMS is a core message transport product. Focus has been on delivering a robust messaging system (Version 2.5 is drastically more user friendly than previous versions)
- Information available:
 - www.cdc.gov/phin



PHINMS

- CDC's implementation of the ebXML 2.0 messages service standards
- Version 2.5 Runs on Windows Only
- A separable part of the NEDSS Base System
- Java based client and server





What is ebXML

- ebXML enables "a modular yet complete electronic business frame- work for collaborative commerce" *
- ebMS used to send all types of files, not just XML
- Specification is jointly sponsored by OASIS and UN CEFACT

* Professional ebXML Foundations, Chappell et. al, Wrox Press, 2001



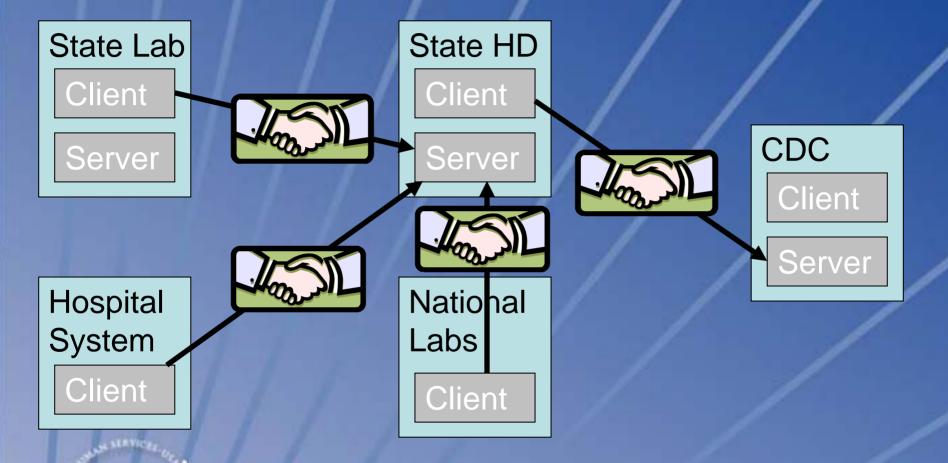


Why ebXML

- Confidentiality
 - Information remains private between two parties
- Authenticity
 - Ensured identity
- Data Integrity
 - Data has not been changed in transit
- Non-repudiation
 - Can not deny sending or receiving message

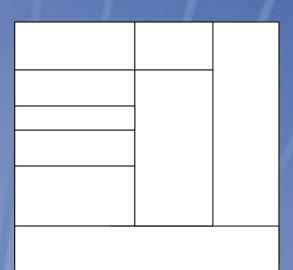


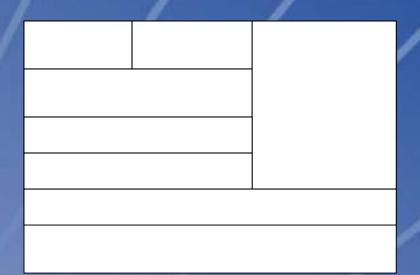
PHIN Messaging Topology





Architectural Differences







PHINMS 2.5 Feature Enhancements

- Installation simplified (Sender and receiver included)
- Default working configuration
- GUI Configuration Console
- Ability to transport larger payloads (up to ½ Gig)
- Allow routes to use different certificates and authentication protocols





PHINMS 2.5 Package

- Tomcat Application Server
- Sender Servlet
- Receiver Servlet
- Console
- MS Access database as default install
- Backwards compatible

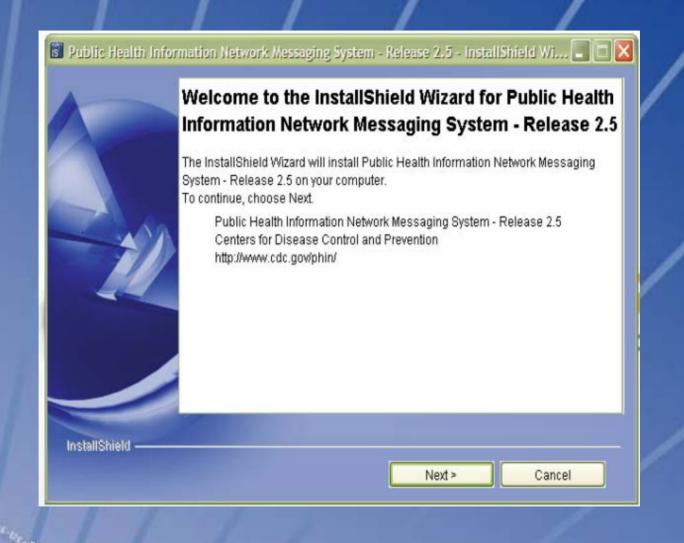




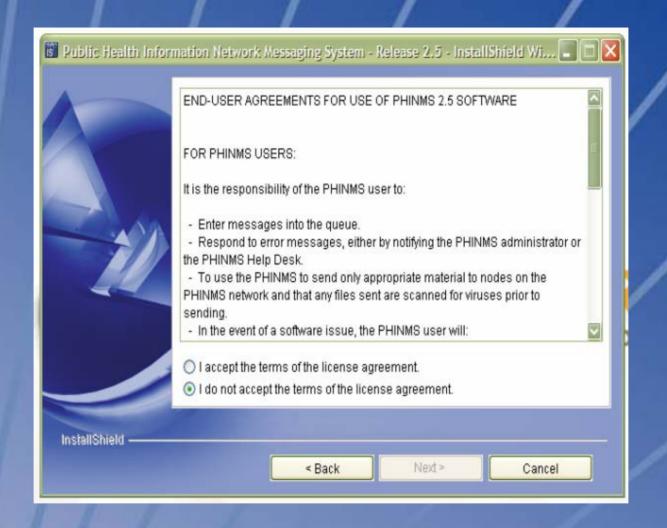
Collaboration Protocol Agreement (CPA)

- Every node needs a CPA with every other node
- The file must be physically located on both nodes
- PartyInfo entry for both nodes
 - partner party-ID
 - end-points (URLs)
 - security attributes

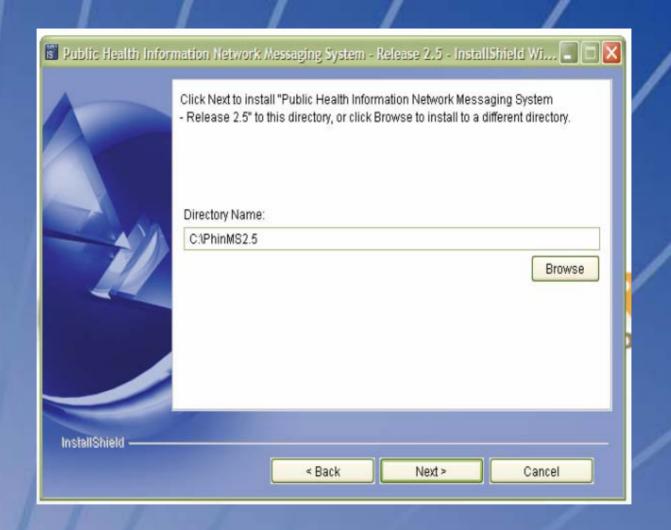




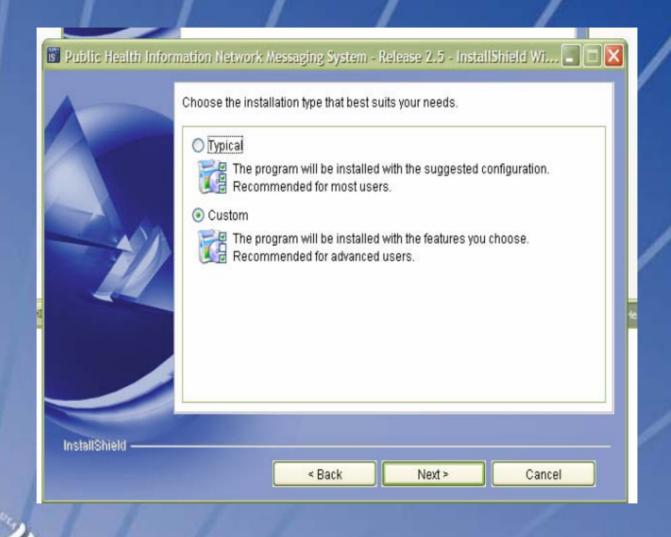




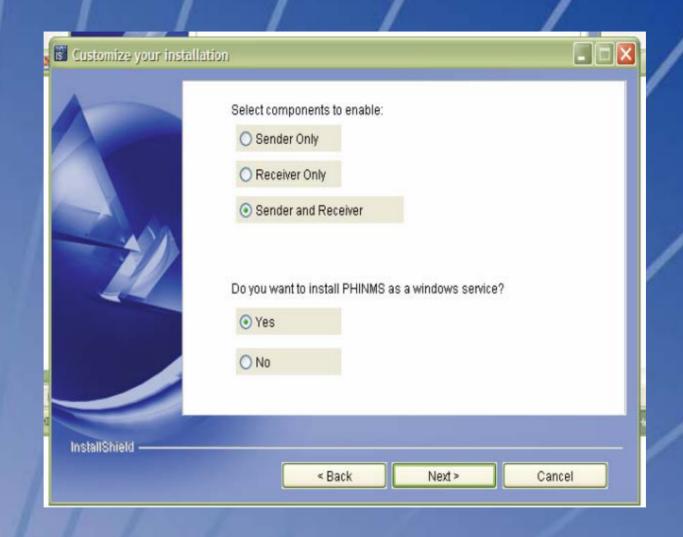




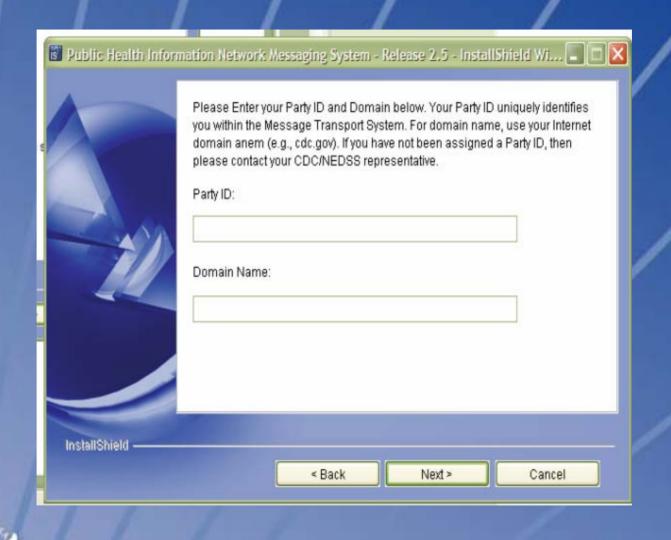




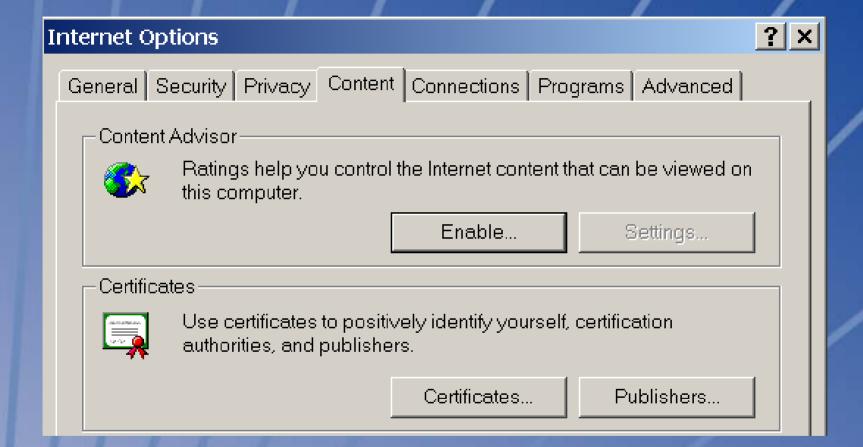




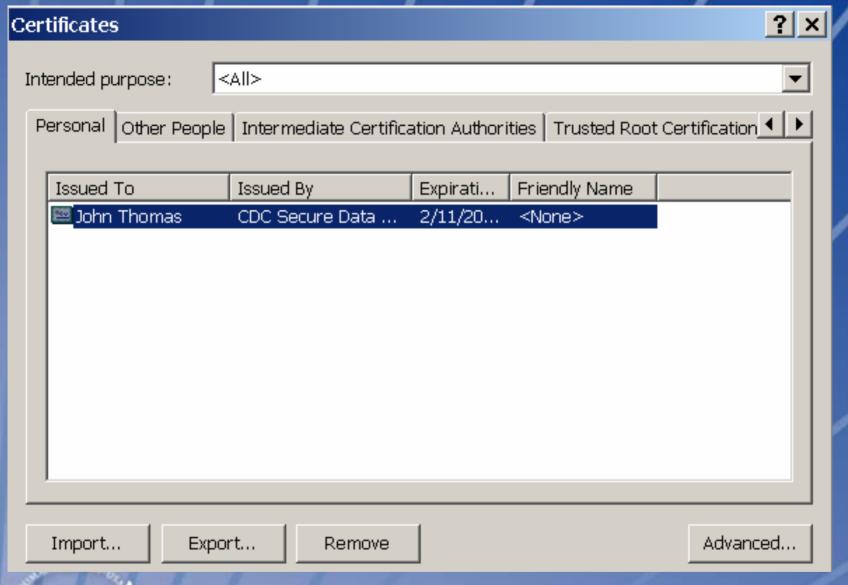














Certificate Export Wizard



Export Private Key

You can choose to export the private key with the certificate.

Private keys are password protected. If you want to export the private key with the certificate, you must type a password on a later page.

Do you want to export the private key with the certificate?

- Yes, export the private key
- No, do not export the private key





Certificate Export Wizard



Export File Format

Certificates can be exported in a variety of file formats.

Select the format you want to use:

- C DER encoded binary X.509 (.CER)
- C Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER)
- Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard PKCS #7 Certificates (.P7B)
 - Include all certificates in the certification path if possible
- Personal Information Exchange PKCS #12 (.PFX)
 - ✓ Include all certificates in the certification path if possible
 - ☐ Enable strong protection (requires IE 5.0, NT 4.0 SP4 or above)
 - Delete the private key if the export is successful

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Cancel

Exporting Certificate



Certificate Export Wizard

X

Password

To maintain security, you must protect the private key by using a password.

Type and confirm a password.

Password:

Confirm password:





